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Write an equation passing through the point and parallel to the given line

$y = mx + c$ is an important equation of real life. The gradient, m , represents the rate of change (e.g. cost per concert ticket) and the intercept y , c , represents a starting value (e.g. an administrator fee). Consider that we have the date equation of a line, and this line is parallel to another line passing through any given point, and we have to find the required equation of the line with the help of the given line. Now let's explain this concept with the help of an example. Example: Find the equation of a straight line passing through the point $(1, 2)$ and parallel to another given line whose equation is $2x + 3y + 5 = 0$. First find the slope of the given line by comparing the intercept shape of the slope of a line as follows: $2x + 3y + 5 = 0$ $\implies 3y = -2x - 5$ $\implies y = -\frac{2}{3}x - \frac{5}{3}$. Compare this with the slope intercept module to find the slope of the line $y = mx + c$. Now the slope of the given line is $m = -\frac{2}{3}$. Since the given line is parallel to the requested line and we know that the slope of the parallel is the same, i.e. under the condition of parallel lines $m_1 = m_2$. Now the slope of the requested line is equal also a $m = -\frac{2}{3}$. Since the required line passes through the given point $(1, 2)$. We find the equation of the required line using the slope point module, which is given by: $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$. This is the equation of a straight line parallel to the line $2x + 3y + 5 = 0$. In this computed equation, note that the coefficients of x and y are the same. If you are seeing this message, it means that we are having trouble uploading external resources on our website. If you're behind a web filter, make sure kastatic.org and kasandbox.org domains are unlocked. We'll learn to find the equation of a line parallel to a line. Prove that the equation of a line parallel to a given line $ax + by + c = 0$ is $ax + by + d = 0$, where d is a constant. Let $ax + by + c = 0$ be the equation of the given straight line. Now, convert the equation $ax + by + c = 0$ to its slope-intercept form. $ax + by + c = 0 \implies by = -ax - c \implies y = -\frac{a}{b}x - \frac{c}{b}$. Dividing both sides by b , we get $y = -\frac{a}{b}x - \frac{c}{b}$, which is the slope-intercept form. Now comparing the equation above to the slope intercept shape $(y = mx + b)$ we get, the slope of the line $ax + by + c = 0$ is $-\frac{a}{b}$. Since the required line is parallel to the given line, the slope of the required line is $-\frac{a}{b}$. Let k (an arbitrary constant) be the intercept of the required straight line. The equation of the straight line is $y = -\frac{a}{b}x + k$. $k = da - ax + bk = ax + \lambda$. Dove $\lambda = bk = \text{another constant}$. Note: (i) assigning different values to λ will give different lines each parallel to the line $ax + by + c = 0$. Therefore, we can have a family of parallel lines to a data line, we maintain the expression containing λ itself and simply replace the constant with a new constant λ . The value of λ can be determined by a given condition. To make it clearer, we compare the $AX + BY + C = 0$ with the EQUATION $AX + BY + C = 0$. It follows that to write the equation of a parallel line at a straight date we simply need to replace the constant with an arbitrary constant, the terms with λ remain unchanged. For example, the equation of a straight line parallel to the straight $7x + 9y + 5 = 0$ is $7x + 9y + \lambda = 0$ where λ is an arbitrary constant. Examples resolved to find the equations of the parallel lines at a straight date: 1. Find the equation of the parallel line at $5x + 7y = 0$ and through point $(2, 3)$. solution: $5x + 7y = 0 \implies 7y = -5x \implies y = -\frac{5}{7}x$. The equation of any straight parallel to the line $5x + 7y = 0$ is $5x + 7y + \lambda = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(2, 3)$ then we will have, $5(2) + 7(3) + \lambda = 0 \implies 10 + 21 + \lambda = 0 \implies \lambda = -31$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $5x + 7y - 31 = 0$. 2. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(5, 6)$ and parallel to the straight $3x + 2y + 10 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line parallel to the line $3x + 2y + 10 = 0$ is $3x + 2y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(5, 6)$ then we will have, $3(5) + 2(6) + k = 0 \implies 15 + 12 + k = 0 \implies k = -27$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $3x + 2y - 27 = 0$. 3. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 3)$ and perpendicular to the straight $4x - 3y + 12 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $4x - 3y + 12 = 0$ is $3x + 4y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 3)$ then we will have, $3(1) + 4(3) + k = 0 \implies 3 + 12 + k = 0 \implies k = -15$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $3x + 4y - 15 = 0$. 4. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(2, 3)$ and perpendicular to the straight $2x - 3y + 6 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $2x - 3y + 6 = 0$ is $3x + 2y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(2, 3)$ then we will have, $3(2) + 2(3) + k = 0 \implies 6 + 6 + k = 0 \implies k = -12$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $3x + 2y - 12 = 0$. 5. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $3x - 4y + 12 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $3x - 4y + 12 = 0$ is $4x + 3y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $4(1) + 3(2) + k = 0 \implies 4 + 6 + k = 0 \implies k = -10$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $4x + 3y - 10 = 0$. 6. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $4x - 5y + 20 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $4x - 5y + 20 = 0$ is $5x + 4y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $5(1) + 4(2) + k = 0 \implies 5 + 8 + k = 0 \implies k = -13$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $5x + 4y - 13 = 0$. 7. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $5x - 6y + 30 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $5x - 6y + 30 = 0$ is $6x + 5y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $6(1) + 5(2) + k = 0 \implies 6 + 10 + k = 0 \implies k = -16$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $6x + 5y - 16 = 0$. 8. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $6x - 7y + 42 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $6x - 7y + 42 = 0$ is $7x + 6y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $7(1) + 6(2) + k = 0 \implies 7 + 12 + k = 0 \implies k = -19$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $7x + 6y - 19 = 0$. 9. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $7x - 8y + 56 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $7x - 8y + 56 = 0$ is $8x + 7y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $8(1) + 7(2) + k = 0 \implies 8 + 14 + k = 0 \implies k = -22$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $8x + 7y - 22 = 0$. 10. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $8x - 9y + 72 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $8x - 9y + 72 = 0$ is $9x + 8y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $9(1) + 8(2) + k = 0 \implies 9 + 16 + k = 0 \implies k = -25$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $9x + 8y - 25 = 0$. 11. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $9x - 10y + 90 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $9x - 10y + 90 = 0$ is $10x + 9y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $10(1) + 9(2) + k = 0 \implies 10 + 18 + k = 0 \implies k = -28$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $10x + 9y - 28 = 0$. 12. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $10x - 11y + 110 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $10x - 11y + 110 = 0$ is $11x + 10y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $11(1) + 10(2) + k = 0 \implies 11 + 20 + k = 0 \implies k = -31$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $11x + 10y - 31 = 0$. 13. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $11x - 12y + 132 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $11x - 12y + 132 = 0$ is $12x + 11y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $12(1) + 11(2) + k = 0 \implies 12 + 22 + k = 0 \implies k = -34$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $12x + 11y - 34 = 0$. 14. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $12x - 13y + 156 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $12x - 13y + 156 = 0$ is $13x + 12y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $13(1) + 12(2) + k = 0 \implies 13 + 24 + k = 0 \implies k = -37$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $13x + 12y - 37 = 0$. 15. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $13x - 14y + 182 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $13x - 14y + 182 = 0$ is $14x + 13y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $14(1) + 13(2) + k = 0 \implies 14 + 26 + k = 0 \implies k = -40$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $14x + 13y - 40 = 0$. 16. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $14x - 15y + 210 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $14x - 15y + 210 = 0$ is $15x + 14y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $15(1) + 14(2) + k = 0 \implies 15 + 28 + k = 0 \implies k = -43$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $15x + 14y - 43 = 0$. 17. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $15x - 16y + 240 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $15x - 16y + 240 = 0$ is $16x + 15y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $16(1) + 15(2) + k = 0 \implies 16 + 30 + k = 0 \implies k = -46$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $16x + 15y - 46 = 0$. 18. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $16x - 17y + 272 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $16x - 17y + 272 = 0$ is $17x + 16y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $17(1) + 16(2) + k = 0 \implies 17 + 32 + k = 0 \implies k = -49$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $17x + 16y - 49 = 0$. 19. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $17x - 18y + 306 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $17x - 18y + 306 = 0$ is $18x + 17y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $18(1) + 17(2) + k = 0 \implies 18 + 34 + k = 0 \implies k = -52$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $18x + 17y - 52 = 0$. 20. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $18x - 19y + 342 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $18x - 19y + 342 = 0$ is $19x + 18y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $19(1) + 18(2) + k = 0 \implies 19 + 36 + k = 0 \implies k = -55$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $19x + 18y - 55 = 0$. 21. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $19x - 20y + 380 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $19x - 20y + 380 = 0$ is $20x + 19y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $20(1) + 19(2) + k = 0 \implies 20 + 38 + k = 0 \implies k = -58$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $20x + 19y - 58 = 0$. 22. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $20x - 21y + 420 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $20x - 21y + 420 = 0$ is $21x + 20y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $21(1) + 20(2) + k = 0 \implies 21 + 40 + k = 0 \implies k = -61$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $21x + 20y - 61 = 0$. 23. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $21x - 22y + 462 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $21x - 22y + 462 = 0$ is $22x + 21y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $22(1) + 21(2) + k = 0 \implies 22 + 42 + k = 0 \implies k = -64$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $22x + 21y - 64 = 0$. 24. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $22x - 23y + 506 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $22x - 23y + 506 = 0$ is $23x + 22y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $23(1) + 22(2) + k = 0 \implies 23 + 44 + k = 0 \implies k = -67$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $23x + 22y - 67 = 0$. 25. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $23x - 24y + 552 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $23x - 24y + 552 = 0$ is $24x + 23y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $24(1) + 23(2) + k = 0 \implies 24 + 46 + k = 0 \implies k = -70$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $24x + 23y - 70 = 0$. 26. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $24x - 25y + 600 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $24x - 25y + 600 = 0$ is $25x + 24y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $25(1) + 24(2) + k = 0 \implies 25 + 48 + k = 0 \implies k = -73$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $25x + 24y - 73 = 0$. 27. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $25x - 26y + 650 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $25x - 26y + 650 = 0$ is $26x + 25y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $26(1) + 25(2) + k = 0 \implies 26 + 50 + k = 0 \implies k = -76$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $26x + 25y - 76 = 0$. 28. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $26x - 27y + 702 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $26x - 27y + 702 = 0$ is $27x + 26y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $27(1) + 26(2) + k = 0 \implies 27 + 52 + k = 0 \implies k = -79$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $27x + 26y - 79 = 0$. 29. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $27x - 28y + 756 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $27x - 28y + 756 = 0$ is $28x + 27y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $28(1) + 27(2) + k = 0 \implies 28 + 54 + k = 0 \implies k = -82$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $28x + 27y - 82 = 0$. 30. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $28x - 29y + 812 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $28x - 29y + 812 = 0$ is $29x + 28y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $29(1) + 28(2) + k = 0 \implies 29 + 56 + k = 0 \implies k = -85$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $29x + 28y - 85 = 0$. 31. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $29x - 30y + 870 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $29x - 30y + 870 = 0$ is $30x + 29y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $30(1) + 29(2) + k = 0 \implies 30 + 58 + k = 0 \implies k = -88$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $30x + 29y - 88 = 0$. 32. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $30x - 31y + 930 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $30x - 31y + 930 = 0$ is $31x + 30y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $31(1) + 30(2) + k = 0 \implies 31 + 60 + k = 0 \implies k = -91$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $31x + 30y - 91 = 0$. 33. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $31x - 32y + 992 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $31x - 32y + 992 = 0$ is $32x + 31y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $32(1) + 31(2) + k = 0 \implies 32 + 62 + k = 0 \implies k = -94$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $32x + 31y - 94 = 0$. 34. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $32x - 33y + 1060 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $32x - 33y + 1060 = 0$ is $33x + 32y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $33(1) + 32(2) + k = 0 \implies 33 + 64 + k = 0 \implies k = -97$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $33x + 32y - 97 = 0$. 35. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $33x - 34y + 1130 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $33x - 34y + 1130 = 0$ is $34x + 33y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $34(1) + 33(2) + k = 0 \implies 34 + 66 + k = 0 \implies k = -100$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $34x + 33y - 100 = 0$. 36. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $34x - 35y + 1202 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $34x - 35y + 1202 = 0$ is $35x + 34y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $35(1) + 34(2) + k = 0 \implies 35 + 68 + k = 0 \implies k = -103$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $35x + 34y - 103 = 0$. 37. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $35x - 36y + 1276 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $35x - 36y + 1276 = 0$ is $36x + 35y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $36(1) + 35(2) + k = 0 \implies 36 + 70 + k = 0 \implies k = -106$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $36x + 35y - 106 = 0$. 38. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $36x - 37y + 1352 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $36x - 37y + 1352 = 0$ is $37x + 36y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $37(1) + 36(2) + k = 0 \implies 37 + 72 + k = 0 \implies k = -109$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $37x + 36y - 109 = 0$. 39. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $37x - 38y + 1430 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $37x - 38y + 1430 = 0$ is $38x + 37y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $38(1) + 37(2) + k = 0 \implies 38 + 74 + k = 0 \implies k = -112$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $38x + 37y - 112 = 0$. 40. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $38x - 39y + 1510 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $38x - 39y + 1510 = 0$ is $39x + 38y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $39(1) + 38(2) + k = 0 \implies 39 + 76 + k = 0 \implies k = -115$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $39x + 38y - 115 = 0$. 41. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $39x - 40y + 1592 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $39x - 40y + 1592 = 0$ is $40x + 39y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $40(1) + 39(2) + k = 0 \implies 40 + 78 + k = 0 \implies k = -118$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $40x + 39y - 118 = 0$. 42. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $40x - 41y + 1676 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $40x - 41y + 1676 = 0$ is $41x + 40y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $41(1) + 40(2) + k = 0 \implies 41 + 80 + k = 0 \implies k = -121$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $41x + 40y - 121 = 0$. 43. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $41x - 42y + 1762 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $41x - 42y + 1762 = 0$ is $42x + 41y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $42(1) + 41(2) + k = 0 \implies 42 + 82 + k = 0 \implies k = -124$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $42x + 41y - 124 = 0$. 44. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $42x - 43y + 1850 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $42x - 43y + 1850 = 0$ is $43x + 42y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $43(1) + 42(2) + k = 0 \implies 43 + 84 + k = 0 \implies k = -127$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $43x + 42y - 127 = 0$. 45. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $43x - 44y + 1940 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $43x - 44y + 1940 = 0$ is $44x + 43y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $44(1) + 43(2) + k = 0 \implies 44 + 86 + k = 0 \implies k = -130$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $44x + 43y - 130 = 0$. 46. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $44x - 45y + 2032 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $44x - 45y + 2032 = 0$ is $45x + 44y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $45(1) + 44(2) + k = 0 \implies 45 + 88 + k = 0 \implies k = -133$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $45x + 44y - 133 = 0$. 47. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $45x - 46y + 2126 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $45x - 46y + 2126 = 0$ is $46x + 45y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $46(1) + 45(2) + k = 0 \implies 46 + 90 + k = 0 \implies k = -136$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $46x + 45y - 136 = 0$. 48. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $46x - 47y + 2222 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $46x - 47y + 2222 = 0$ is $47x + 46y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $47(1) + 46(2) + k = 0 \implies 47 + 92 + k = 0 \implies k = -139$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $47x + 46y - 139 = 0$. 49. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $47x - 48y + 2320 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $47x - 48y + 2320 = 0$ is $48x + 47y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $48(1) + 47(2) + k = 0 \implies 48 + 94 + k = 0 \implies k = -142$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $48x + 47y - 142 = 0$. 50. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $48x - 49y + 2420 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $48x - 49y + 2420 = 0$ is $49x + 48y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $49(1) + 48(2) + k = 0 \implies 49 + 96 + k = 0 \implies k = -145$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $49x + 48y - 145 = 0$. 51. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $49x - 50y + 2522 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $49x - 50y + 2522 = 0$ is $50x + 49y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $50(1) + 49(2) + k = 0 \implies 50 + 98 + k = 0 \implies k = -148$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $50x + 49y - 148 = 0$. 52. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $50x - 51y + 2626 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $50x - 51y + 2626 = 0$ is $51x + 50y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $51(1) + 50(2) + k = 0 \implies 51 + 100 + k = 0 \implies k = -151$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $51x + 50y - 151 = 0$. 53. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $51x - 52y + 2732 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $51x - 52y + 2732 = 0$ is $52x + 51y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $52(1) + 51(2) + k = 0 \implies 52 + 102 + k = 0 \implies k = -154$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $52x + 51y - 154 = 0$. 54. Find the equation of the line that passes through the point $(1, 2)$ and perpendicular to the straight $52x - 53y + 2840 = 0$. Solution: The equation of any straight line perpendicular to the line $52x - 53y + 2840 = 0$ is $53x + 52y + k = 0$. If the line (i) passes through the point $(1, 2)$ then we will have, $53(1) + 52(2) + k = 0 \implies 53 + 104 + k = 0 \implies k = -157$. Then, the equation of the requested line is $$

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